

# **PHYSIOTHERAPISTS BOARD OF HONG KONG**

## **Disciplinary Procedures in Handling Complaints against Registered Physiotherapists**

*(This Leaflet is for Information only)*

### **Introduction**

The Physiotherapists Board of Hong Kong is empowered by law to deal with complaints against registered physiotherapists touching on matters of professional misconduct. It has no jurisdiction whatsoever over claims for refund or compensation, which should be pursued through separate civil proceedings.

2. Complaints against registered physiotherapists are handled by the Physiotherapists Board in accordance with the Supplementary Medical Professions Ordinance (Cap. 359) and the Physiotherapists (Registration and Disciplinary Procedure) Regulation. The steps involved are outlined in the ensuing paragraphs.

### **Receipt of Complaint**

3. On receipt of a written complaint, the Secretary will refer it to the Chairman of the Preliminary Investigation Committee (PIC) of the Board for consideration. The PIC Chairman is a member of the Board nominated by the Board and appointed by the Chairman of the Board.

### **Consideration by the PIC Chairman**

4. Having regard to the information available, the Chairman may require the complainant to support his complaint with a statutory declaration. Then he will fix a date for a PIC meeting to consider whether a complaint should be referred to the Board for inquiry.

### **Meeting of the PIC**

5. The PIC comprises, apart from the Chairman, two other Part Ia registered physiotherapists nominated by the Hong Kong Physiotherapy Association. One of the members of the PIC is an employee of the Government, the Hospital Authority or a subvented institution while the other is not. Before the matter is discussed at a PIC meeting, the registered physiotherapist being complained will be informed of the substance of the complaint and be invited to give an explanation in reply.

6. At the meeting, the PIC will consider the letter of complaint, the explanation submitted by the registered physiotherapist and any other relevant information which is available, and decide whether to:

- (a) dismiss the complaint, or
- (b) refer the complaint in whole or in part to the Physiotherapists Board for inquiry.

### **Inquiry of the Physiotherapists Board**

7. The inquiry is conducted in accordance with a set of statutory disciplinary procedures. At the hearing, either the Secretary or the complainant may present the case against the registered physiotherapist. When the case against the physiotherapist is closed, the physiotherapist will be given opportunity to defend his case and to adduce evidence in support. The complainant may also be called upon to testify in person.

8. At the conclusion to the hearing, the Board may:

- (a) dismiss the complaint if the registered physiotherapist is not guilty of the offence charged; or
- (b) make an order against the registered physiotherapist if he is found guilty of the offence charged.

9. Upon the Board making a finding of guilt, by law, the registered physiotherapist may be punished by way of a disciplinary order. It includes the removal of the registered physiotherapist's name from the register of physiotherapists, a reprimand or a warning letter. If the registered physiotherapist is aggrieved by the decision of the Board, he may appeal to the Court of Appeal.

### **Notification of Results**

10. Depending on the complexity of each case, it takes generally a few months before a case can be concluded. In any event, a complainant will be informed in writing of the progress of the disciplinary proceedings as far as possible.

Secretariat of the  
Physiotherapists Board  
of Hong Kong